

# **GLOBAL & REGIONAL DAILY**

### March 21, 2024

#### **Global markets**

The Federal Reserve yesterday kept its benchmark interest rate unchanged in the 5.25%-5.5% range, as anticipated, and continued to signal in its dot plot that it expects to ease monetary policy by a cumulative 75bps in 2024. Markets interpreted the new dot plot, along with comments by Fed Chair Jerome Powell in his press conference, as dovish, given that inflation prints have surprised to the upside since the last update in December. Futures markets are now pricing in 83bps of easing this year, 10bps more than they did before the meeting, and the market implied odds of a first rate cut by June has increased to 80% from 66%. The dollar weakened, as measured by the DXY index, which has fallen 0.4% since Tuesday to 103.41. The UST yield curve steepened as the 10yr UST yield fell 5bps from Tuesday's close to 4.25% and the 2yr benchmark fell 9bps to 4.59%. Elsewhere, the SNB surprisingly cut its policy rate by 25bps early today, while the BoE is expected it keep its interest unchanged when it meets later today.

#### Greece

Aiming to boost liquidity in the secondary market transactions, the Public Debt Management Agency tapped the bond markets yesterday for  $\in$ 250mn by re-opening for a fifth time a past issue due Jun 28. The yield closed at 2.85%, unchanged from the last re-opening in Feb-24, with the offering oversubscribing 3.72 times. On other data, despite recording a monthly drop of 6.5%, the Overall Turnover Index in Industry in Jan-24 was 3.2% higher compared to Jan-23 according to ELSTAT, driven by Consumers non-durables (+6.7%YoY) and Energy (+2.2%YoY). Categorizing based on goods destination, the domestic market subindex increased by 6.0%YoY, more than making up for fall in the non-domestic market subindex (0.6%YoY). On the fiscal front, the Central Government Budget recorded a surplus of  $\notin$ 0.35bn in the period from Jan-24 to Feb-24, according to the Bank of Greece, down from  $\notin$ 1.30bn in the respective period of 2023, mainly due to the Public Investment Budget posting a deficit of  $\notin$ 0.26bn versus a surplus of  $\notin$ 1.81bn last year.

#### CESEE

In line with market expectations, the central bank of Czechia (CNB) proceeded yesterday with a 50bps rate cut that brought the key policy rate at 5.75%. According to the post-meeting statement of the bank, two members voted for a 75bps cut with the rest supporting the delivered length while the messaging remained rather hawkish. It was outlined that the inflationary outlook continues to carry several risks, which, if materialised, will push headline inflation towards the upper end of the CNB's tolerance band (2%+/-1pp). As key risks the slower-than-expected deceleration of inflation expectations, the sticky service prices and the pause in tradable goods' disinflation were identified, while the weaker than expected performance of the koruna also remains a point of concern. In other news, the IMF revised downwards its GDP growth forecast for Bulgaria for 2024 from 3.2%, projected in October, to 2.75% in its latest Article IV mission conclusions, warning of significant downside risks to economic outlook.

#### **Contributing Authors:**

Marcus Bensasson Research Economist mbensasson@eurobank.gr Dr. Theodoros Rapanos Research Economist trapanos@eurobank.gr Maria Kasola Research Economist <u>mkasola@eurobank.gr</u>

## **Eurobank Research**



## **Research Team**



**Dr. Tasos Anastasatos** | Group Chief Economist <u>tanastasatos@eurobank.gr</u> | + 30 214 40 59 706



Marcus Bensasson Research Economist <u>mbensasson@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 65 113



Dr. Konstantinos Peppas Research Economist kpeppas@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 520



Dr. Theodoros Stamatiou Senior Economist tstamatiou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 708



Dr. Stylianos Gogos Research Economist sgogos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 456



Paraskevi Petropoulou Senior Economist ppetropoulou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 455



Michail Vassiliadis Research Economist <u>mvassileiadis@eurobank.gr</u> + 30 214 40 59 709

More available research at: https://www.eurobank.gr/en/group/economic-research Subscribe electronically at: https://www.eurobank.gr/el/omilos/oikonomikes-analuseis/forma-ekdilosis-endiaferontos Follow us on twitter: https://twitter.com/Eurobank\_Group Follow us on LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurobank

#### DISCLAIMER

This report has been issued by Eurobank S.A. ("Eurobank") and may not be reproduced in any manner or provided to any other person. Each person that receives a copy by acceptance thereof represents and agrees that it will not distribute or provide it to any other person. This report is not an offer to buy or sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell the securities mentioned herein. Eurobank and others associated with it may have positions in, and may effect transactions in securities of companies mentioned herein and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking services for those companies. The investments discussed in this report may be unsuitable for investors, depending on the specific investment objectives and financial position. The information contained herein is for informative purposes only and has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but it has not been verified by Eurobank. The opinions expressed herein may not necessarily coincide with those of any member of Eurobank. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is made as to the accuracy, completeness, correctness, timeliness or fairness of the information or opinions herein, all of which are subject to change without notice. No responsibility or liability whatsoever or howsoever arising is accepted in relation to the contents hereof by Eurobank or any of its directors, officers or employees. Any articles, studies, comments etc. reflect solely the views of the induct on the value of by the editorial team. Any articles, studies, comments etc. that are signed by members of the editorial team express the personal views of their author.





Maria Kasola Research Economist mkasola@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 453



Dr. Theodoros Rapanos Research Economist trapanos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 711