## **Eurobank Research**



# **GLOBAL & REGIONAL DAILY**

March 7, 2023

#### **Global markets**

European government bonds came under significant selling pressure, with short-dated papers underperforming and the yield curves bear-flattening across the region, following hawkish comments from Governing Council member Robert Holzmann, suggesting that he expects the ECB to "hike rates by half a percentage point four more times this year" as core inflation "will not weaken significantly in the first half of the year". The above remarks led to a fresh hawkish shift in ECB rate tightening expectations, with markets now pricing in a terminal deposit rate close to 4.00%, implying some 155bps of additional tightening compared to 150bps at the end of last week. In FX markets, the EUR firmed, hitting a two-week high of 1.0694 against the USD, also favored by lower natural gas prices which fell to a fresh 18-month low of €41.50/MWh. Focus now turns to the Fed Chair Powell's' testimony to the Senate Banking Committee (15:00 London time), with futures currently assigning a 22% chance of a 50bps rate hike at the next policy meeting.

#### Greece

Today ELSTAT is scheduled to announce the Q4 2022 national accounts data, along with the 1st estimate for the FY-2022 real GDP growth rate. The period from Oct-22 to Dec-22 was marked by a deterioration of the ESI (Economic Sentiment Indicator) and the PMI Manufacturing Index, and by a decrease of the volume indices in wholesale and retail trade. On the flip side, employment growth remained solid at 2.1% YoY from 2.3% YoY in Q3 2022. In Jan-22 to Sep-22 real GDP growth was 5.9% YoY, from 8.4% YoY in Jan-21 to Sep-21. According to the market consensus forecast, the real GDP growth rate is estimated at 5.2% for 2022, 1.0% in 2023 and 2.2% in 2024.

#### **CESEE**

In Serbia, the Producer Price Index (PPI) inflation decelerated for the seventh consecutive month in Feb-23, to 9.4%YoY from 10.6%YoY in Jan-23, a twenty-month low. Among the main industrial sectors, the PPI deceleration was stronger in energy, by 2.9ppts, to 7.5%YoY, after a 21.4%YoY multi-year high increase in Nov-22. PPI rise eased also in manufacturing, to 10.6%YoY from 12.2%YoY, whereas the index fall in mining-quarrying accelerated to 10.9%YoY from 10.1%YoY. Water supply -waste management was the only industrial sector where the PPI annual rate was unchanged (+6.6%). The deceleration in energy prices growth during Dec-22 – Jan-23 could trigger a gradual shift in the accelerating CPI inflation in the next months. However, the IMF Mission Chief to Serbia Donal McGettigan stated yesterday that, in line with the Stand-By Arrangement of the Fund with Serbia, energy prices will have to increase in the context of the energy sector transformation. The electricity tariff for households was hiked by 8% from Jan 1, 2023 and the next 8% increase is scheduled for May 1, 2023.

### **Contributing Authors:**

Paraskevi Petropoulou Senior Economist ppetropoulou@eurobank.gr **Dr.Stylianos Gogos** Research Economist sgogos@eurobank.gr

Michail Vassileiadis Research Economist mvassileiadis@eurobank.gr

# **Eurobank Research**



# **Research Team**



Dr. Tasos Anastasatos | Group Chief Economist tanastasatos@eurobank.gr | + 30 214 40 59 706



**Economic Analyst** v-dexadaktylos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 449



Dr. Stylianos Gogos Research Economist sgogos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 456



Research Economist mkasola@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 453



Paraskevi Petropoulou Senior Economist ppetropoulou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 63 455



Dr. Theodoros Rapanos trapanos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 711



tstamatiou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 708



Michail Vassileiadis Research Economist mvassileiadis@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 709

More available research at: https://www.eurobank.gr/en/group/economic-research

Subscribe electronically at: https://www.eurobank.gr/el/omilos/oikonomikes-analuseis/forma-ekdilosis-endiaferontos Follow us on twitter: https://twitter.com/Eurobank\_Group

Follow us on LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurobank

This report has been issued by Eurobank S.A. ("Eurobank") and may not be reproduced in any manner or provided to any other person. Each person that receives a copy by acceptance thereof represents and agrees that it will not distribute or provide it to any other person. This report is not an offer to buy or sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell the securities mentioned herein. Eurobank and others associated with it may have positions in, and may effect transactions in securities of companies mentioned herein and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking services for those companies. The investments discussed in this report may be unsuitable for investors, depending on the specific investment objectives and financial position. The information contained herein is for informative purposes only and has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but it has not been verified by Eurobank. The opinions expressed herein may not necessarily coincide with those of any member of Eurobank. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is made as to the accuracy, completeness, correctness, timeliness or fairness of the information or opinions herein, all of which are subject to change without notice. No responsibility or liability whatsoever or howsoever arising is accepted in relation to the contents hereof by Eurobank or any of its directors, officers or employees. Any articles, studies, comments etc. reflect solely the views of their author. Any unsigned notes are deemed to have been produced by the editorial team. Any articles, studies, comments etc. that are signed by members of the editorial team express the personal views of their author.

