



# **GLOBAL & REGIONAL DAILY**

# **HIGHLIGHTS**

# February 4, 2021

#### **Global Markets**

The positive momentum in global equity markets remained intact, supported by positive earnings results and increased optimism for additional US fiscal stimulus. Democrats voted to open a debate on a budget resolution for FY2021 in both chambers of Congress yesterday, with party leaders signaling their intension to pass most of the stimulus measures through the reconciliation process, if needed. News that former ECB President Mario Draghi accepted a mandate from Italy's President Sergio Mattarella to form the next government, also favored. Against this background, major sovereign bond yields continued to move higher on both sides of the Atlantic, with the 30-yr UST yield reaching its highest level since the Covid-19 crisis begun, at 1.93%, taking the 5/30-yr yield spread overnight to its highest level in around 4-½ years.

### Greece

New Covid-19 cases remained elevated yesterday at 1,151 albeit somewhat lower than the 1,261 of the previous day, while the positivity rate also receded slightly to 2.97% from 3.35% on Tuesday. The number of patients in ICUs remained almost unchanged at 246, while the  $R_t$  for the whole territory is estimated at 0.88. Experts voice concerns about a possible outbreak of cases in the densely populated regions of Attica, Thessaloniki and Patra, increasing the probability of new restrictive measures in the coming days. In other news, according to press, the new bill of the Ministry of Labor, to be voted in March, foresees among others, increased paternity leave for new fathers as well as a six-month parental leave for fathers. The said provisions are intended to support parents in the labour market.

#### **CESEE**

Serbia's Fiscal Council stated that "a fiscally responsible package of anti-crisis measures" in 2021 should target only those that are affected the most by the Covid-19 crisis. The Council also noted that the newly announced EUR2.5bn state aid is not foreseen in the 2021 budget and therefore it can only be financed through an additional increase of the budget deficit, set at -3.2% of GDP, and new borrowing. On the EU candidateship front, according to press, the EC is working on a new accession methodology for Serbia in order for the latter to be aligned with the current negotiating frameworks. The publication came right after the meeting between President Aleksandar Vucic and President Emmanuel Macron on Monday in Paris, with the former declaring the country's intention to open new chapters in 2021, given 2020's stagnation

### **Contributing Authors**

Paraskevi Petropoulou Senior Economist ppetropoulou@eurobank.gr Anna Dimitriadou Economic Analyst andimitriadou@eurobank.gr Maria Kasola Economic Analyst mkasola@eurobank.gr





#### **GLOBAL MARKETS**

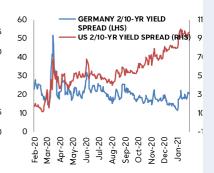
Stock market	s		
	Last	ΔD	ΔYTD
S&P 500	3830.17	0.10%	2.0%
Nikkei 225	28341.95	-1.1%	3.3%
STOXX 600	407.48	0.1%	2.1%

FOREX			
	Last	ΔD	ΔYTD
EUR/USD	1.2	-0.3%	-1.8%
GBP/USD	1.3582	-0.5%	-0.6%
USD/JPY	105.18	-0.1%	-1.8%

Government Bonds				
(yields)	Last	ΔDbps	ΔYTD bps	
UST - 10yr	1.13	0	22	
Bund-10yr	-0.47	0	10	
JGB - 10yr	0.06	0	4	





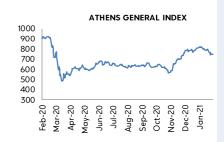


#### **GREECE**

#### **Government Bonds**

(yields)	Last	ΔDbps	ΔYTDbps
5Y Bond	0.01	0	-7
10Y Bond	0.64	0	1
Δ(10YBund-	1.10	0	-9





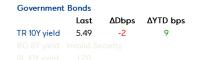
### **EMERGING MARKETS**

Stock markets

	Last	ΔD	ΔYTD
SOFIX	502.50	0.0%	12.3%
BELEX	731.39	0.2%	-230.0%
XU100	1542.52	0.6%	445.6%

1 OILEA			
	Last	ΔD	ΔYTD
EUR/PLN	4.4919	-0.1%	1.5%
EUR/RSD	117.59	0.0%	0.0%
USD/TRY	7.1518	0.1%	4 0%

FOREX



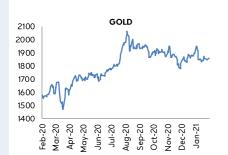


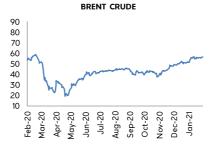


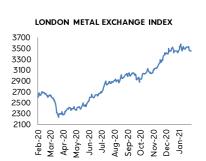


## **COMMODITIES**

	Last	ΔD	ΔYTD
GOLD	1823	-0.6%	-4.0%
BRENT CRUDE	59	0.7%	13.6%
LMEX	3460	0.6%	1.3%











# **Research Team**



**Dr. Tasos Anastasatos** | Group Chief Economist tanastasatos@eurobank.gr | + 30 214 40 59 706



Anna Dimitriadou Economic Analyst andimitriadou@eurobank.gr + 30 210 37 18 793



loannis Gkionis Senior Economist igkionis@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 707



**Dr. Stylianos Gogos** Economic Analyst sgogos@eurobank.gr + 30 210 37 18 733



Maria Kasola Economic Analyst mkasola@eurobank.gr + 30 210 33 18 708



Olga Kosma Research Economist okosma@eurobank.gr + 30 210 37 18 728



Paraskevi Petropoulou Senior Economist ppetropoulou@eurobank.gr + 30 210 37 18 991



Dr. Theodoros Rapanos Economic Analyst v-trapanos@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 711



**Dr. Theodoros Stamatiou**Senior Economist
tstamatiou@eurobank.gr
+ 30 214 40 59 708



Elia Tsiampaou Economic Analyst etsiampaou@eurobank.gr + 30 214 40 59 712

Περισσότερες εκδόσεις μας διαθέσιμες στην ηλεκτρονική διεύθυνση που ακολουθεί: https://www.eurobank.gr/en/group/economic-research Εγγραφείτε ηλεκτρονικά, σε: https://www.eurobank.gr/el/omilos/oikonomikes-analuseis/forma-ekdilosis-endiaferontos Ακολουθήστε μας στο twitter. https://twitter.com/Eurobank\_Group Ακολουθήστε μας στο LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/company/eurobank

#### DISCI AIMER

This report has been issued by Eurobank S.A. ("Eurobank") and may not be reproduced in any manner or provided to any other person. Each person that receives a copy by acceptance thereof represents and agrees that it will not distribute or provide it to any other person. This report is not an offer to buy or sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell the securities mentioned herein. Eurobank and others associated with it may have positions in, and may effect transactions in securities of companies mentioned herein and may also perform or seek to perform investment banking services for those companies. The investments discussed in this report may be unsuitable for investors, depending on the specific investment objectives and financial position. The information contained herein is for informative purposes only and has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but it has not been verified by Eurobank. The opinions expressed herein may not necessarily coincide with those of any member of Eurobank. No representation or warranty (express or implied) is made as to the accuracy, completeness, correctness, timeliness or fairness of the information or opinions herein, all of which are subject to change without notice. No responsibility or liability whatsoever or howsoever arising is accepted in relation to the contents hereof by Eurobank or any of its directors, officers or employees. Any articles, studies, comments etc. reflect solely the views of their author. Any unsigned notes are deemed to have been produced by the editorial team. Any articles, studies, comments etc. that are signed by members of the editorial team express the personal views of their author.

