## kpmg

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TRANSLATION

# Independent Auditor's Report

## To the Shareholders of Reco Real Propery ad Beograd

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Reco Real Propery ad Beograd (the "Company"), which comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021;
- the income statement for the period from 1 January to 31 December 2021; and
- notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

(the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and of its financial performance for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting regulations effective in the Republic of Serbia.

Registration No.: 17148656

Tax Identity No.: 100058593 Bank Acc.: 265-1100310000190-61

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#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia and applicable auditing standards in the Republic of Serbia. Our responsibilities under those regulations are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants International Code of Ethics for

Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Republic of Serbia and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the accounting regulations effective in the Republic of Serbia, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. preparing the financial statements. management is responsible for assessing the

Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia and applicable auditing standards in the Republic of Serbia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Law on Auditing of the Republic of Serbia and applicable auditing standards in the Republic of Serbia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as

- fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained. whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;

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Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### KPMG d.o.o. Beograd

#### Signed on the Serbian original

Nikola Đenić Licensed Certified Auditor

Belgrade, 30 June 2022

This is a translation of the original Independent Auditor's Report issued in the Serbian language.

All due care has been taken to produce a translation that is as faithful as possible to the original.

However, if any questions arise related to interpretation of the information

contained in the translation, the Serbian version of the document shall prevail.

We assume no responsibility for the correctness of the translation of the Company's financial statements.

#### KPMG d.o.o. Beograd

Nikola Đenić Licensed Certified Auditor

Belgrade, 30 June 2022

Legal representative					
ID 20302810	Code 6820	TIN 105056335			
Reco Real Property a.d.					
Vuka Karadzica 10, Beograd					

## Balance sheet as of 31.12.2021

				- i Amount		
Account	Description	AOP Note	Previous year			
Account			11010	Current year	End balance	Oppening balance
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	ASSETS					
0	A. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL UNPAID	0001				
	B. PERMANENT ASSETS (0003+0009+0017+0018+0028)	0002		1.684.696	1.656.433	0
01	I. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (0004+0005+0006+0007+0008)	0003		0	0	0
010 & part 019	1. Research costs	0004				
011, 012 & 014	Concessions, patents, licenses, trademarks, software and other rights	0005				
013	Goodwill     Intangible assets in leasing, intangible assets in	0006				
015 & 016	progress	0007				
017	5. Advances for intangible assets	0008				
02	II. IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPEMENT (0010+0011+0012+0013+0014+0015+0016)	0009		1.653.737	1.656.433	0
020, 021& 022	Land and construction facilities	0010				
023	2. Plant and equipment	0011		1 450 707	1 457 433	
024	3. Investment property	0012		1.653.737	1.656.433	
025 & 027	Leased PPE and PPE under construction     Other PPE and investments in not owed immovable	0013				
026 & 028	property, plant and equipment	0014				
029 (part)	Prepayments for immovable property, plant and equipment domestic	0015				
029 (part)	7.Prepayments for immovable property, plant and equipment abroad	0016				
03	III. NATURAL ASSETS	0017				
	IV. LONG-TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (0019+0020+0021+0022+0023+0024+0025+0026+002 7)	0018		0	0	0
040 (part), 041 (part) & 042 (part)	Investments in capital of parent companies and subsidiaries	0019				
040 (part), 041 (part), 041 (part), 042 (part)	Investments in capital measured according to the stake method	0020				
043, 050 (part), 051 (part)	Long-term investments to parent companies, subsidiaries and other related entities domestic	0021				
044, 050 (part), 051 (part)	Long-term investments to parent companies, subsidiaries and other related entities domestic abroad	0022				
045 (part) & 053 (part)	5. Long-term investments (loans) domestic	0023				
045 (part) & 053 (part)	6. Long-term investments (loans) abroad	0024				
046	7. Long-term financial investments(securities valued at depreciated value)	0025				
047	8.Redeemed shares and stakes	0026				
048,052,054,055 & 056	9. Other long-term investments	0027				
28 (part), ос&м 288	V. Long term provisions	0028		30.959		
288	V. Deferred tax assets	0029				
	G. Current asset (0031+0037+0038+0044+0048+0057+0058)	0030		239.161	178.411	0
	I STOCK (0032+0033+0034+0035+0036)	0031		158	465	0
10	1. Material, spare parts, tools and small value inventory	0032				
11 & 12	Work in progress and finished goods	0033				
13	3. Merchandise	0034				
150, 152 & 154	Advances paid for supplies and services domestic	0035		158	465	
151, 153 & 155	5. Advances paid for supplies and services abroad	0036				
14	II Fixed assets held for sale and termination of business	0037				
20	III RECEIVABLES FROM SALES (0039+0040+0041+0042+0043)	0038		15.020	15.944	0
204	Trade receivables domestic	0039		15.020	15.944	

		-		T	1
205	2. Trade receivables abroad	0040			
200 & 202	Trade receivables domestic - parent companies and subsidiaries	0041			
201 & 203	Trade receivables abroad - parent companies and subsidiaries	0042			
206	5. Other receivables from sales	0043			
21, 22 & 27	IV Other short-term receivables (0045+0046+0047)	0044	50	1.692	0
21, 22 ос&м 223 & 224, & 27	Other receivables	0045			
223	2. Receivable for overpaid CIT	0046		1.637	
224	Receivable for overpaid other taxes and contributions	0047	50	55	
23	V SHORT TERM FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (0049+0050+0051+0052+0053+0054+0055+0056)	0048	0	0	0
230	1.Short-term loans and investments	0049			
231	Short-term loans and investments - other subsidiaries	0050			
232, 234 (part)	3. Short-term loans and investments domestic	0051			
233, 234 (part)	Short-term loans and investments abroad	0052			
236 (part)	5. Securities valued at depreciated value	0053			
235	Financial assets measured at fer value trough PnL	0054	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
237	7. Repurchased own shares and stakes	0055	 		
236 (part), 238 & 239	8. Other short-term financial investments	0056			
24	VI. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	0057	221.064	147.260	
28 (part), ос&м 288	VII. SHORT-TERM FINANCIAL PROVISIONS	0058	2.869	13.050	
	D. TOTAL ASSETS - BUSINESS ASSETS (0001+0002+0029+0030)	0059	1.923.857	1.834.844	0
88	Dj. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS LIABILITIES	0060			
	A. EQUITY (0402+0403+0404+0405+0406-	0.404	1 444 401	1 204 002	0
	0407+0408+0411-0412)>=0	0401	1.466.621	1.396.082	U
30, ос&м 306 31	I. NOMINAL CAPITAL  II. SUBSCRIBED AND UNPAID CAPITAL	0402 0403	817.470	817.470	
	III. Premium	0404			
32	IV. RESERVES	0405			
330 & потражн& салдо рачуна	V. POSITIVE REEVALUATION RESERVES FROM INTAGIBLEASSETS, UNREALIZED GAINS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF OTHER RESULT				
салдо рачуна 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336 & 337	UNREALIZED GAINS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF OTHER RESULT	0406			
333,	VII. UNREALIZED LOSSES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND OTHER COMPONENTS OF OTHER COMPLETE RESULT	0407			
34	VIII. RETAINED EARNINGS (0409+0410)	0408	 649.151	578.612	0
340	Retained earnings from previous years     Retained earnings from current year	0409 0410	 578.612 70.539	526.793 51.819	-
341	Z.Retained earnings from current year IA. INVESTMENTS WITHOUT CONTROLLING RIGHTS	0410	10.554	31.017	
35	X. LOSS (0413+0414)	0412	 0	0	0
350	1. Previous years losses	0413	 		
351	Current year loss     B. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (0416+0420+0428)	0414 0415	293.955	293.951	0
40	B. LONG-TERM Reserves (0417+0418+0419)	0416	0	0	0
404	Provisions for salaries and other benefits for employees	0417			
400	2. Warranty provisions	0418	 		
40 ос&м 400 & 404	3. Other long-term provisions	0419			
41	II. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (0421+0422+0423+0424+0425+0426+0427)	0420	293.955	293.951	0
410 411 (part) & 412 (part)	Liabilities which can be converted into capital     Long-term loans and other liabilities from parent, subsidiaries and other related entities - domestic	0421			
411 (part) & 412	Long-term loans and other liabilities from parent,	0423	293.955	293.951	
(part) 414 & 416 (part)	subsidiaries and other related entities - foreign  4. Long-term loan and leasing domestic	0424			
		0425			
410 α 410 (paπ)	5.Long-term loan and leasing abroad	U÷∠U			

413	Liabilities on issued securities	0426			
419	7. Other long-term liabilities	0427			
	III. LONG - TERM ACCRUED AND DEFERRED INCOME	0428			
498	B. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	0429	121.411	116.969	
	G. LONG-TERM DEFERRED INCOMES AND DONATIONS	0430			
	D. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES(0432+0433+0441+0442+0449+0453+045	0431	41.870	27.842	0
467	I. SHORT TERM LIABILITIES	0432			
42, ос&м 427	II. Short-term financial liabilities (0434+0435+0436+0437+0438+0439+0440)	0433	0	0	0
420 (part) & 421 (part)	Short-term loans from parent, subsidiaries and other related entities -domestic	0434			
420 (part) 420 (part) & 421 (part)	Short-term loans from parent, subsidiaries and other related entities - abroad	0435			
422 (part), 424 (part), 425 (part) & 429 (part)	Liabilities based on loans and borrowings from persons other than domestic banks	0436			
422 (part), 424 (part), 425 (part) & 429 (part)	4. Liabilities based on loans from domestic banks	0437			
423, 424 (part), 425 (part), 429 (part)	5. Loans, liabilities abroad	0438			
426	Liabilities for short-term securities	0439			
428	7. Liabilities based on financial derivatives	0440			
430	III. RECEIVED ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND CAUTION MONEY	0441	3.005	3.005	
43 ос&м 430	IV. LIABILITIES FROM BUSINESS OPERATIONS (0443+0444+0445+0446+0447+0448)	0442	2.166	2.016	0
431 & 433	Trade payables - parent companies and subsidiaries domestic	0443			
432 & 434	Trade payables - parent companies and subsidiaries abroad	0444			
435	Trade payables - other companies domestic	0445	1.919	1.767	
436	Trade payables - other companies abroad	0446	247	249	
439 (part)	5. Bills of exchange obligations	0447			
439 (part)	Other liabilities from business operations	0448			
44,45,46, ос&м 467, ос&м 467, 47 & 48	V. OTHER SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES (0450+0451+0452)	0449	4.318	1.716	0
44,45 & 46 ос&м 467	Other short-term liabilities	0450	 		
47, 48 ос&м 481	Liabilities for value added tax and other public revenues	0451	1.255	1.716	
481	3. Liabilities for CIT	0452	3.063		
427	VI. LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE FROM LIQUIDATED BUSINESSES.	0453			
49 (рат) ос&м 498	VII. SHORT - TERM ACCRUED AND DEFERRED INCOME	0454	 32.381	21.105	
	Dj. LOSS OVER EQUITY (0415+0429+0430+0431- 0059) >= 0 = (0407+0412-0402-0403-0404-0405-0406- 0408-0411)>=0	0455	0	0	0
	E. TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (0401+0415+0429+0430+0431-0455)	0456	1.923.857	1.834.844	0
89	Z. OFF-BALANCE SHEET LIABILITIES	0457			

Legal representative					
2222242	Business code	TIN			
20302810	6820	105056335			
Name Reco Real Property a.d.					
Address Vuka Karadzica 10, Beograd					

#### Income statement

from 01.01. up to 31.12.2021.

				Am	ount	
Acounts	Description	AOP	Note	Current year	Previous year	
1	2	3	4	124 540	6	
	A. OPERATING REVENUE (1002+1005+1008+1009-1010+1011+1012)	1001		126.560	92.697	
60	I. REVENUE FROM SALES OF MERCHANDISE (1003+1004)	1002		0	0	
600, 602 и 604	Revenue from sales of merchandise domestic	1003				
601, 603 и 605	2. Revenue from sales of merchandise abroad	1004				
61	II. REVENUE FROM SALES OF FINISHED GOODS AND RENDERED SERVICES (1006+1007)	1005		0	0	
610, 612 и 614	Revenue from sales of finished goods and rendered services - domestic	1006				
611, 613 и 615	2. Revenue from sales of finished goods and rendered services - abroad	1007				
62	III. REVENUES FROM ACTIVATION OF GOODS	1008				
630	IV. INCREASING THE VALUE OF INVENTORIES OF UNFINISHED AND FINISHED IGOODS	1009				
631	V. DECREASING THE VALUE OF INVENTORIES OF UNFINISHED AND FINISHED IGOODS	1010				
64 и 65	VI. OTHER OPERATING REVENUES	1011		126.560	92.697	
68 осим 683, 685 и	VII. INCOME FROM ASSETS VALUE ADJUSTMENT (EXCL. FINANCIAL)	1012		120.300	72.071	
686	B. OPERATING EXPENSES (1014+1015+1016+1020+1021+1022+1023+1024)	1013		22.265	20.390	
50	I. COST OF GOODS SOLD	1014		22.200	20.070	
51	II. COST OF MATERIAL, FUEL AND ENERGY	1015		496	439	
52	III. COST OF SALARIES, FRINGE BENEFITS AND OTHER PERSONAL EXPENSES	1016		0	0	
520	(1017+1018+1019) 1. Cost of salaries	1017				
521	2. PIT and SSC on salaries	1017				
		1				
52 осим 520 и 521	3. Other personal costs	1019				
540	IV. COST OF DEPRICIATION	1020				
58 осим 583, 585 и 586	V. EXPENSES FROM PROPERTY VALUE ADJUSTMENT (EXCL. FINANCIAL)	1021		2.696	891	
53	VI. COST OF PRODUCTION SERVICES	1022		1.493	621	
54 осим 540	VII. COST OF PROVISIONS	1023				
55	VIII. NON-PRODUCTION COST	1024		17.580	18.439	
	V. NET OPERATING INCOME (1001-1013) >= 0	1025		104.295	72.307	
	G. NET OPERATING LOSS (1013-1001) >= 0	1026		0	0	
	D. FINANCIAL INCOME (1028+1029+1030+1031)	1027		76	50	
660 и 661	I. FINANCIAL INCOME INCURRED WITH PARENT, SUBSIDIARIES AND OTHER RELATED PARTIES	1028		52		
662	II. INCOME FROM INTERESTS	1029			18	
663 и 664	III. CURRENCY CLAUSE INCOME	1030		24	32	
665 и 669	IV. OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME	1031			32	
	ъ. FINANCIAL LOSS(1033+1034+1035+1036)	1032		11.395	11.444	
560 и 561	I.FINANCIAL LOSS FROM PARENT COMPANIES, SUBSIDIARIES AND OTHER	1032				
562	RELATED PARTIES  II. INTERESTS COST	1033		11.325 48	11.356	
563 и 564	III. NEGATIVE CURRENCY CLAUSE	1034		22	46	
565 и 569	IV. OTHER FINANCIAL LOSSES	1035			44	
	E. NET INCOME (1027-1032)	1037		0	0	
	Z. NET LOSS (1032-1027)	1037		11.319	11.394	
683, 685 и 686	Z. INCOME FROM VALUATION OF OTHER ASSETS RECOGNIZED THROUGH INCOME STATEMENT BY FAIR VALUE METHOD	1039				
583, 585 и 586	I. EXPENSES FROM VALUATION OF OTHER ASSETS RECOGNIZED THROUGH INCOME STATEMENT BY FAIR VALUE METHOD	1040				
67	J. OTHER INCOME	1041		25	67	
57	K. OTHER EXPENSES	1042				
	L. TOTAL INCOME (1001+1027+1039+1041)	1043		126.661	92.814	
	LJ. TOTAL EXPENSES (1013+1032+1040+1042)	1044		33.660	31.834	
	M. INCOME FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX(1043-1044) >= 0	1045	Ì	93.001	60.980	

	H. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX( (1044-1043) >= 0	1046	0	0
69 - 59	NJ. NET GAINS FROM LIQUIDATED OPERATIONS, EFFECTS OF ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES AND PREVIOUS PERIODS ERRORS CORRECTIONS	1047		
59 - 69	O. NET LOSSES FROM LIQUIDATED OPERATIONS, EFFECTS OF ACCOUNTING POLICY CHANGES AND PREVIOUS PERIODS ERRORS CORRECTIONS	1048	10.005	
	P. INCOME BEFORE TAX (1045-1046+1047-1048) >= 0	1049	82.996	60.980
	R. LOSS BEFORE TAX (1046-1045+1048-1047) >= 0	1050	0	0
	S. CORPORATE INCOME TAX			
721	I. TAX EXPENSE OF PERIOD	1051	8.015	4.441
722 дуг. салдо	II. DEFERRED TAX EXPENSE OF PERIOD	1052	4.442	4.720
722 пот. салдо	III. DEFERRED TAX INCOME OF PERIOD	1053		
723	T. PAID PERSONAL INCOME TO THE OWNER	1054		
	C. NET INCOME (1049-1050-1051-1052+1053-1054) >= 0	1055	70.539	51.819
	Y. NET LOSS (1050-1049+1051+1052-1053+1054) >= 0	1056		
	I. NET PROFIT BELONGING TO SHARES WITHOUT CONTROL RIGHTS	1057		
	II.NET PROFIT BELONGING TO THE PARENT LEGAL ENTITY	1058		
	III. NET LOSS BELONGING TO STAKES WITHOUT RIGHTS OF CONTROL	1059		
	IV. NET LOSS BELONGING TO THE PARENT LEGAL ENTITY	1060		
	V. EARNINGS PER SHARE			
	Basic earnings per share	1061		
•	2. Diluted earnings per share	1062		

In Belgrade date 29 June 2022

Legal representative
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RECO REAL PROPERTY A.D. Beograd

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31. 2021.

#### 1. General information

RECO REAL PROPERTY CLOSED JOINT STOCK COMPANY BELGRADE (hereinafter: "Company") deals with rental of real estate (basic business activity code-6820). The Company was founded on 25 June 2007 based on the Decision on establishment, as a Closed Joint Stock Company.

Registered address of the Company is Vuka Karadzica 10, Belgrade.

The sole shareholder and founder of the Company since 09 August 2007 had been Eurobank Properties A.E.E.A.P. Greece. On 28 August 2014 at the extraordinary General Assembly of shareholders of Eurobank Properties A.E.E.A.P. a decision was made to change the name in Grivalia Properties joint stock company for investment in real estate.

On 17 May 2019 a merger transaction was made with the acquisition of Shares of Grivalia Properties by Eurobank Ergasias S.A. Athens, Greece, giving Reco Real Property ad a new founder and becomes a member of the Eurobank Group. As the date of recognition of the effects of intercompany transactions on the company's balance sheets defined 01 April 2019. The Shareholders General Assembly adopted a decision about internal re-organization on 31 January 2020, which Eurobank S.A. was established as a legal follower of Eurobank Ergasias S.A.

The Company's identification number is 20302810, and the Company's tax identification number is 105056335.

The Company's shares are not listed at the Belgrade Stock Exchange.

The Company had no employees.

#### 2. Overview of significant accounting policies

The basic accounting policies applied to compile these financial statements are listed below. These policies are consistently applied to all periods shown, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

The Company maintains its records and prepares financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Law of the Republic of Serbia ("Official Gazette of RS" 73/2019, 44/2021) and other applicable legislation in the Republic of Serbia.

For recognition, evaluation, presentation and disclosure of positions in financial statements, the Company applies the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Legal Entities ("IFRS for SMEs") which, in terms of the Law on Accounting, imply the following: International Standard of Financial Reporting for Small and Medium-Sized Legal Entities, approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which translation was determined and published by the Ministry of Finance and Economy. Ministry of Finance and Economy adopted a decision no. 401-00-3683/2018-16 of 16. October 2018 which determined a translation of the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-Sized Legal Entities (IFRs), that

was approved and issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) in July 2009, with amendments from May 2015. The above-mentioned translation of the IFRS for SMEs has been applied from financial statements as of 31 December 2019. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Rules on the Chart of Accounts and Contents of Accounts in the Chart of Accounts for companies, cooperatives and entrepreneurs (Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia No. 89/2020) and the regulations on the content and form of financial statements for companies, cooperatives and entrepreneurs (Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia No. 89/2020).

The contents and form of financial statements, as well as the contents of the positions presented are not fully compliant with the requirements of Module 3 of the IFRS for SME "Presentation of Financial Statements". In addition, some legal and subordinate regulations in the Republic of Serbia prescribe accounting procedures that in some cases deviate from the IFRS for SME, and by the Accounting Law dinar is determined as the official currency of reporting and presentation of financial statements.

Given the above mentioned, accounting regulations of the Republic of Serbia may deviate from the IFRS request for SME, which may have an impact on the accompanying financial statements, as defined by Module 3 of the IFRS for SME.

Consequently, the accompanying financial statements cannot be considered as financial statements prepared in full compliance with the IFRS for SMEs as defined by the provisions of Module 3 "Presentation of Financial Statements" and do not represent financial statements prepared in accordance with the above-mentioned Financial Reporting Framework.

#### 2.2 Use of estimates and key assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS for MSE requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the application of accounting policies. Areas that require a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

#### 2.3 The principle of going concern

Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the going concern concept, which assumes that the Company will continue to operate for the foreseeable future.

The Management of the Company has analyzed the impact that the COVID-19 virus pandemic has on the Company's operations and believes that there has been no significant impact on the Company's operations. Due to the Covid-19 disease pandemic, the two tenants were unable to continue their regular activities and fulfill their obligations to the Company. Therefore, the Management of the Company has decided that tenant Super Vok doo Belgrade has been entitled to rent free period for April and May 2020., while for tenant I & F Group doo Belgrade rent payments has been reduced for 50% for March, April and May 2020. The effect of the above-mentioned payment exemptions due

to the pandemic, as well as in accordance with the agreed clauses in the basic contract, has been estimated at around EUR 85 thousand. In addition to this, the Management of the Company has decided that tenant Super Vok doo Belgrade has been entitled to rent free period for January and February 2021, while tenant I & F Group doo Belgrade has been entitled to rent free period for January and February in accordance with agreed clauses in the basic contract. The effect of the 2021 payment exemptions has been estimated at EUR 85 thousand. This did not have an impact on the Company's ability to continue to operate in accordance with the going concern concept for the foreseeable future.

#### 2.4 Accounting basis

Financial statements have been prepared based on the principles of historical cost except for investment properties where the basis for measuring is fair value.

#### 2.5 Comparative data

The accounting policies and estimates concerning the recognition and evaluation of assets and liabilities used in preparing these financial statements are consistent with the accounting policies and estimates implemented in preparing the Company's annual financial statements for 2020. It has been performed reconciliation of comparative data from 2020 with changes in the chart of accounts and forms for presentation of financial statements for 2021.

#### 2.6 Recalculating foreign currency amounts

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

The items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured and presented in Serbian dinar ("RSD") as RSD is functional currency of the Company.

The applied exchange rates on the balance sheet are as follows:

Currency	31 December 2021.	31 December 2020.
EUR	117,5821	117,5802

#### (b) Transactions and financial positions

Transactions in foreign currency are translated into a functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date or on the day of valuation if the items are measured again. Positive and negative exchange rate differences from the executed payments and collections in foreign currencies during the year, as well as exchange differences arising from the translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date, are reported in the income statement.

#### 2.7 Investment properties

An investment property is a property held for rent earnings or to increase capital, or both, and is not used by the Company.

After initial recognition by purchase value, investment properties which fair value can be reliably measured, without excessive costs on a continuous basis, are measured according to the fair value model on each reporting date with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. Fair value is derived from current comparable market prices determined annually by external valuator. Valuators use active prices on the market adjusted, if necessary, for any change in the nature, location or state of a specific asset.

Maintenance and repair costs have been booked into income statement in period in which they derive from.

#### 2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are recognized in nominal amounts and include assets in dinar and foreign currency current bank accounts.

#### 2.9 Capital

Capital includes share capital and undistributed profit in current and previous years. Ordinary shares are classified as capital when there is no obligation to pay in money or funds. Additional external costs which arise from the emission of new shares or options have been shown in capital as deduction, without tax.

#### 2.10 Financial liabilities

Financial obligations are loan obligations to associated entities, loan obligations to the parent companies, as well as obligations to suppliers and other liabilities from the business, and are initially recognized at fair value, without the incurred transaction costs. In subsequent periods, loan liabilities are measured at the nominal value of the remaining debt; all differences between the realized inflow (minus transaction costs) and the number of repayments is recognized in the income statement during the period of use of the loan using the nominal interest rate method.

#### 2.11 Provisions

All provisions are measured on the day of the balance sheet preparing and reconciled to reflect the current best assessment of the Company's management.

#### 2.12 Current and Deferred Income Tax

Current income tax is calculated on the balance sheet date using the effective tax regulations of the Republic of Serbia where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Income tax of 15% (2020: 15%) is paid based on the annual profit reported in the Tax Return. Accounting profit, in order to obtain the amount of taxable profit, is adjusted for certain permanent differences and reduced for certain investments during the year. The annual tax balance is submitted until 29 of June of the following year. Tax balance for 2021 was not submitted until the date of the preparation of the Company's financial statements due to an unfinished transfer prices study. The Company calculated the tax

effects based on Corporate Income Tax Law. The management believes that transfer prices effects will not have considerable impact with respect to 2021 financial result.

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit nor loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset has been realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

#### 2.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue relates to the fair value of the renumeration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Company's. Income is shown net of VAT, or any other discounts.

The Company recognizes revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities as describe below. The amount of the revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingences relating to the sale have been resolved. The Company bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

#### a) Rental income

The Company deals with the issuance of investment properties and on this basis generates business income, i.e., rent. Rental income is based on contracts with tenants with a fixed price for leased space. Rental income is recognized on a proportional basis for the duration of the lease.

#### b) Interest income

Interest income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate method. In the event of a reduction in the value of receivables, the Company reduces the book value of the receivables to the reimbursement amount, which represents future cash flow discounted at the initially effective interest rate of the financial instrument and continues to show discount changes as interest income.

#### 3. Information on key estimates of uncertainty and assumptions

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

#### 3.1 Fair value of investment properties

Fair value of investment properties derived from current market prices of comparable real estate. Fair value is based on a valuation made by an independent appraiser who has a recognized and relevant appraiser's license - the appraiser Pepper Hellas Asset Management of Greece.

The best proof of fair value is the current price in the active market for a similar property or lease. In the absence of such information, the Company determines the amount at the level of the valuation of reasonable fair value. It is a valid practice of the Company to use the services of external valuators for this purpose, when the market in which it operates shows, signs indicating a change in fair value.

Valuations of fair value of external valuators are based on:

- 1. Current price in the active market for properties of different natures, conditions and locations tailored to show differences.
- 2. The recent price for a similar property in a less active market, adjusted to reflect changes in economic conditions from the day of the transaction at that price.
- 3. Projections of discounted cash flow based on a reliable assessment of future cash flows derived from the terms of existing leases or contracts and (where possible) from external records such as current market leases for similar properties in a similar location and in a similar state, and by using a discounted rate that reflects the current market assessment of uncertainty in the amount and time of the cash flow.

The Company conducts a valuation of the fair value of investment properties at the end of each reporting period.

#### 3.2 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Company, in accordance with accounting regulations applicable in the Republic of Serbia, has an obligation to present deferred taxes that are determined through the difference between the accounting base of the assets and the tax base of the assets. A substantial assessment by management is necessary to determine the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities that can be recognized, based on the period of creation and the amount of future taxable gains and tax policy planning strategies.

#### 4. Cash equivalents and cash

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
Current account RSD – Eurobank Direktna a.d. Beograd	37.338	18.823
Foreign currency account EUR – Eurobank Direktna a.d. Beograd	183.726	128.437
Total (note 15)	221.064	147.260

#### 5. Trade and other receivables

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
Trade receivables – domestic customers	15.020	15.945
Other receivables (property tax, corporate income		
tax)	50	1.692
Total	15.070	17.637

#### 6. Investment properties

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
Beginning accounting value	1.656.433	1.657.273
Fair value adjustment – net gain based on valuation		
(note 13)	-	51
Fair value adjustment – net loss based on valuation		
(note 13)	(2.696)	(891)
Closing accounting value	1.653.737	1.656.433

Investment properties relate to:

1) Business premises located on Terazije 7-9, Belgrade, Republic of Serbia, registered on cadastral parcel no. 2814, cadastral municipality Stari Grad, total surface 5.720 m2.

On 31 December 2020, a valuation was performed by the appraiser Pepper Hellas Asset Management. The estimated market value of the property was EUR 13.004 thousand (RSD 1.528.994 thousand per exchange rate as of December 31, 2020). On 31 December 2021, a new estimate of the value of the property was made by the same company, at which the market value of the property was EUR 12.991 thousand (RSD 1.527.537 thousand per exchange rate as of December 31, 2021).

2) Business building in Nis, Obrenovic street 33, registered in land register for cadastral municipality of Niš-Bubanj, on cadastral parcel no. 1165, parcel 3957 (land registry certificate number 3089, ZK body II existing on parcel 2922), total surface 653 m2.

On 31 December 2020, the valuator Pepper Hellas Asset Management performed the assessment. The estimated market value was EUR 1.084 thousand (RSD 127.439 thousand per exchange rate as of December 31, 2020). On 31 December 2021, a new assessment was made by the same appraiser's house, at which the market value was EUR 1.073 thousand (RSD 126.200 thousand per exchange rate as of December 31, 2021).

#### 7. Prepayments and accrued income

Prepayments and accrued income (AVR) as of December 31, 2021, amount to RSD 32.716 thousand (2020: RSD 1.665 thousand) and represent the effect of indexation. The indexation effect refers to the contract defined harmonization of the consumer price index. A significant increase in the stated effect was influenced by the jump in the Consumer price index.

#### 8. Capital

	Capital	Undistributed profits	Total
Balance 01.01.2020.	817.470	526.793	1.344.263
Profit for the year	-	51.819	51.819
Balance 31.12.2020.	817.470	578.612	1.396.082
Balance 01.01.2021.	817.470	578.612	1.396.082
Profit for the year	-	70.539	70.539
Balance 31.12.2021.	817.470	649.151	1.466.621

The Company's registered and paid capital is:

- Monetary EUR 11.095,27, which at the middle exchange rate on the day of payment is RSD 906 thousand,
- Non-monetary EUR 10.000.000,00 or RSD 816.564.000.00 which consists of the right of ownership of the building located in Terazije 7-9, Belgrade, Republic of Serbia, and the right of use the land that serves the regular use of the building, registered on cadastral parcel number 2814, cadastral municipality Stari Grad. The building has a total surface of 5.720 m2, and the land that serves regular use of the building 2.052 m2.

In accordance with the founder's decision there were no dividend payments for 2020 and 2021.

#### 9. Long-term liabilities

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
Long-term liabilities		
Parent company's loan	293.955	293.951
Eurobank S.A. (formerly Grivalia Properties REIC)	293.955	293.951
Total loans	293.955	293.951

Based on Loan agreement concluded on November 30, 2017, a loan in the amount of EUR 2.500.000 was approved between the founder of Eurobank Ergasias SA (formerly Grivalia Properties REIC) as a lender and the Company as a borrower. The loan has been approved for a period of five years and was withdrawn in one tranche. Interest is paid every three months from the date of withdrawal of the loan, that is, every 12th March 12th June, 12th September and 12th December.

The interest rate for each interest period is a percentage of annual rate that is the sum of the applicable quarterly EURIBOR and the margin of 3.8% yearly. Principal is due in full amount after the expiration of 5 years from the date of the loan utilization.

#### 10. Short-term liabilities

	31.12.2021	31.12.2020
Trade payables – domestic and foreign		
suppliers	2.166	2.016
Liabilities for received deposit	3.005	3.005
Liabilities for VAT and other public revenue	1.255	1.716
CIT liabilities	3.063	-
Accrued expenses	32.381	21.105
Total	41.870	27.842

Accrued expenses in the amount of RSD 32.381 thousand (31.12.2020: RSD 21.105 thousand) mainly relate to calculated overdue interest on the shareholder's loan agreement, as well as the costs incurred in 2021. (i.e., 2020.) for which there were no invoices issued until the end of the year, such as the cost of preparing of financial statements, the cost of preparing a transfer prices study and audit costs.

#### 11. Other operating income

Other operating income in the amount of RSD 126.560 thousand (2020: RSD 92.697 thousand) relates to rental income generated under the following contracts:

a) Real estate lease agreement with Eurobank a.d. Belgrade:

The contract has been in force since 1 October 2012 and refers to the lease of business premises at 7-9 Terazije Street in Belgrade. The contract was concluded on the period of 40 years with a review of the agreed terms after 10 years from the beginning of the contract, i.e. after that deadline every 5 years. Revenue based on this contract is RSD 54.900 thousand (2020: 33.370 thousand).

b) Real estate lease agreement with Eurobank a.d. Belgrade:

The contract has been in force since 1 March 2012., and refers to the building at 33 Obrenovic street in Nis. The duration of this contract is limited to 40 years. Revenue based on this contract is RSD 20.578 thousand (2020: 11.912 thousand).

c) Real estate lease agreement with SUPER VOK d.o.o.. Belgrade:

The subject of the contract is the lease of the business premises at 7-9 Terazije Street, Belgrade. The contract has been in force since 15 May 2018. The duration of this contract is limited to 122 months. Revenue based on this contract is RSD 9.489 thousand (2020: 8.507 thousand).

d) Real estate lease agreement with Company I & F Group d.o.o. Belgrade:

The subject of the contract is the lease of business premises at 7-9 Terazije Street, Belgrade. The contract has been in force since 01 November 2019. The duration of the lease is set for 3 years, i.e., up to 01. November 2022. Revenue based on this contract is RSD 41.593 thousand (2020: 35.146 thousand).

#### 12. Operating expenses

Analysis of the operating expenses is as follows:

	2021	2020
Fuel and energy costs	496	439
Production expenses	1.493	621
Non-production costs	17.580	18.439
Total	19.569	19.499

Non-production costs in the amount of RSD 17.580 thousand (2020: RSD 18.439 thousand) are mostly related to property taxes in the amount of RSD 8.568 thousand (2020: RSD 8.513 thousand), accounting services in the amount of RSD 4.266 thousand (2020: RSD 4.778 thousand), insurance costs in the amount of RSD 1.054 thousand (2020: RSD 1.028 thousand), while the amount of RSD 3.692 thousand (2020: RSD 4.120 thousand) relates to consulting expenses, legal services costs, audit costs, withholding tax costs and other expenses.

#### 13. Financial income and expenses

	2021	2020
Financial expenses:		
Interest expenses related to financial liabilities –related		
parties (note 15)	(11.325)	(11.356)
Interest expenses-third parties	` (48)	` (46)
Foreign exchange losses	(22)	(42)
Total financial expenses	(11.395)	(11.444)
Financial income:		
Interest income – related parties	52	-
Interest income – third parties	-	18
Foreign exchange gains	25	32
Total financial income	77	50
Net financial expenses	(11.318)	(11.394)

#### 14. Other income and expenses

	2021	2020
Other income (rounding's)	25	16
Income from fair value adjustment (note 6)	-	51
Expense from fair value adjustment (note 6)	(2.696)	(891)
Expenses based on correction of errors from previous	,	, ,
periods	10.005	
Total other income and expenses	7.334	(824)

Expenses based on correction of errors from previous periods relate to the termination of income provision based on rent free calculations incurred in the previous period.

#### 15. Income tax

	2021	2020
Current income tax	8.015	4.441
Deferred tax expense for the period	4.442	4.720
Total income tax	12.457	9.161

During the year, the Company paid income tax in advance in the amount of RSD 4.441 thousand. The draft tax balance sheet defined that income tax liability for 2021 is RSD 8.015 thousand, and as of December 31, 2021, the liability of income tax expressed in the amount of RSD 3.574 thousand. It was used the remaining prepayment in the amount of RSD 511 thousand, so the final liability is RSD 3.063 thousand.

The tax on the Company's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to the Company's profits as follows:

	2021	2020
Profit before tax  Tax calculated at statutory tax rate – 15%	82.996 12.449	60.980 9.147
Expenses not deductible for the tax purposes The difference between the tax and accounting	412	140
depreciation  Deferred tax effect	(4.846) 4.442	(4.846) 4.720
Tax charge	12.457	9.161
The weighted average applicable tax rate	15,0%	15,0%

The Company was on 31 December 2021 expressed deferred tax liabilities in the amount of RSD 121.411 thousand (2020: RSD 116.969 thousand) based on the temporary difference between the net value of investment properties in financial statements and their value recognized for tax purposes.

	Difference in the net value
	of investment property
Deferred tax liability as of 01 january 2021	116.969
Directly to the income statement (deferred tax expense	
for the period)	4.442
The balance as of 31 december 2021	121.411

#### 16. Transactions with related parties

During the 2019 year, there was a change of founder of the Company in a way that on 17 May 2019 a merger transaction was made with the acquisition of shares by Eurobank Ergasias S.A., Athens, Greece, that resulted the Company becomes part of the Eurobank Group. As the date of recognition of the effects of intercompany transactions on the company's balance sheets defined 01 April 2019. As a result of the internal transition within the founder Eurobank Ergasias S.A. from 20 January 2020 it was established a legal follower Eurobank S.A., Athens, Greece.

During preparing financial statements, legal entities are treated as related parties if one legal entity has the ability to control another legal entity or performs a significant influence on the financial and operational decisions of another person. When considering all possible types of relationships between related legal entities, attention is focused on the essence of the relationship, not just the legal form.

During the year, the Company performed transactions with related parties, as well as with its founder, i.e., parent company.

An overview of the revenues and expenses generated from relations with related parties, as well as with the parent company, is given in the following table:

	2021		2020	
	Income	<b>Expenses</b>	Income	<b>Expenses</b>
Related parties				
Eurobank a.d. Beograd	75.530	261	45.300	256
Total	75.530	261	45.300	256
Parent company				
Eurobank S.A. (note 12)	-	11.325	-	11.356
Total	-	11.325	-	11.356

Eurobank a.d. Belgrade charges commission services for account management and commission costs on financial transactions. Also, the expenses include the rental costs paid toward Eurobank a.d. for the registered headquarters in Vuk Karadzic 10, while the income includes rent from the issuance of properties in Belgrade and Nis in the amount of RSD 75.478 thousand (2020: RSD 45.282 thousand), as well as interest income cash deposits in the amount of RSD 52 thousand (2020: RSD 18 thousand).

The expenses from Eurobank S.A. refers to interest expenses in accordance with loan agreement.

The table below shows the receivables and liabilities derived from the above transactions:

Related parties	31.12.2021.		31.12.2020.	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Eurobank a.d. Beograd				
(note 4)	221.064	-	147.260	-
Total	221.064	-	147.260	-
Parent company				
Parent company				
Eurobank S.A.	-	322.904	-	311.574
Total	-	322.904	=	311.574

#### **Management compensations**

The key leadership are members of the Supervisory Board. The legal representative and the members of the Supervisory Board perform their duties in the Company without compensation. During the 2020 and 2021, there were no compensation paid to the board members or legal representative.

#### 17. Reconciliation of receivables and liabilities

The Company has performed reconciliation of receivables and payables as of 31 December 2021. The amounts unreconciled receivables and payables are immaterial.

#### 18. Contingencies

During its regular operations, the Company is not involved in court proceedings or arbitration against the Company. Based on the Management's assessment, for the period ending December 2021., there are no such contingent obligations that the Company expects to be material.

#### 19. Events after the balance sheet date

In May 2022, the Company made repayment of a part of the principal of a long-term loan approved by Eurobank Ergasias S.A. (Greece), as well as interest in the amounts of EUR 1.250 thousand and EUR 260 thousand, retrospectively.

There were no material events after the balance sheet date, which could have impact to the Company's financial position and the results of its operations as of December 31st, 2021. With respect to the Ukrainian-Russian crisis, there are no direct or indirect impact on the Company's operations.

In Belgrade, Date, 29. June 2022.

Legal representative

Vladimir Tofoski