

Crowe Cyprus Limited

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FORAMONIO LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 December 2017

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS

Board of Directors:

Demetris Shacallis Achilleas Malliotis

Company Secretary:

Andreas Petasis 8 Kato Varosion street 2324, Nicosia

Cyprus

Independent Auditors:

Crowe Cyprus Limited

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

Photiades Business Centre 1st floor, 8 Stassinos Avenue P.O. Box 22545

1522 Nicosia

Registered office:

41 Arch. Makarios Avenue

1065 Nicosia P.O. Box 27236

Cyprus

MANAGEMENT REPORT

The Board of Directors presents its report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities and nature of operations of the Company

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, is the trading of properties.

Review of current position, future developments and performance of the Company's business

The Company's development to date, financial results and position as presented in the financial statements are considered satisfactory.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company are disclosed in notes 3 and 4 of the financial statements.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in relation to its current borrowings. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk. The Company's management monitors the interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk. The Company has policies in place to ensure that sales of inventory is made to customers with an appropriate credit history and monitors on a continuous basis the ageing profile of its receivables.

Results

The Company's results for the year are set out on page 6. The net loss for the year is carried forward.

Share capital

There were no changes in the share capital of the Company during the year under review.

Board of Directors

The members of the Company's Board of Directors as at the date of this report are presented on page 1. All of them were members of the Board of Directors throughout the year ended 31 December 2017.

Events after the reporting period

Any significant events that occurred after the end of the reporting period are described in note 15 to the financial statements.

Independent Auditors

The Independent Auditors, Crowe Cyprus Limited, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution giving authority to the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Demetris

Director

Nicosia, 3 December 2018



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Foramonio Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Foramonio Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the "International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Cyprus, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the Members of Foramonio Limited

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.

Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal Requirements

Pursuant to the additional requirements of the Auditors Law of 2017, we report the following:

- In our opinion, the Management Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap 113, and the information given is consistent with the financial statements.
- In our opinion, and in the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Management Report.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the Members of Foramonio Limited

Other Matter

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 69 of the Auditors Law of 2017 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to.

Xenia Georgiou FCA

Certified Public Accountant and Registered Auditor

for and on behalf of

Crowe Cyprus Limited

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

Nicosia, 3 December 2018

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 €	2016 €
Revenue Cost of sales	5	380.000 (400.000)	1.510.000 (1.433.728)
Gross (loss)/profit		(20.000)	76.272
Administration expenses	_	(35.394)	(2.970)
Operating (loss)/profit		(55.394)	73.302
Net finance costs	7 _	(2.485)	(8.413)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(57.879)	64.889
Tax	8 _		(4.877)
Net (loss)/profit for the year		(57.879)	60.012
Other comprehensive income	_	-	
Total comprehensive (expense) / income for the year	=	(57.879)	60.012

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 December 2017

ASSETS	Note	2017 €	2016 €
Current assets Inventories Refundable taxes Cash at bank Total assets	9 14 10	980.000 192 28.167 1.008.359	192 34.071 34.263
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity Share capital Accumulated losses /retained earnings Total equity	11	1.000 (26.761) (25.761)	1.000 31.118 32.118
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Borrowings	13 12	1,743 1.032.377 1.034.120	2.145
Total equity and liabilities		1.008.359	34.263

On 3 December 2018 the Board of Directors of Foramonio Limited authorised these financial statements for issue.

Demetris Shacallis

Director

Achilleas Malliotis

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Share capital €	(Accumulated losses) / retained earnings	Total €
Balance at 1 January 2016	1.000	(28.894)	(27.894)
Comprehensive income Net profit for the year	· <u>-</u>	60.012	60.012
Balance at 31 December 2016/ 1 January 2017	1.000	31.118	32.118
Comprehensive income Net loss for the year		(57.879)	(57.879)
Balance at 31 December 2017	1.000	(26.761)	(25.761)

Companies which do not distribute 70% of their profits after tax, as defined by the relevant tax law, within two years after the end of the relevant tax year, will be deemed to have distributed as dividends 70% of these profits. Special contribution for defence at 17% will be payable on such deemed dividends to the extent that the ultimate shareholders are both Cyprus tax resident and Cyprus domiciled. The amount of deemed distribution is reduced by any actual dividends paid out of the profits of the relevant year at any time. This special contribution for defence is payable by the Company for the account of the shareholders.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 €	2016 €
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Loss)/profit before tax	11000	(57.879)	64.889
Adjustments for: Interest expense	7	2.480	8.403
Theoret expense		(55.399)	73.292
Changes in working capital: (Increase)/decrease in inventories Decrease in trade and other payables		(980.000) (402)	1.433.106 (2.336)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations Tax paid		(1.035.801)	1.504.062 (5.069)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(1.035.801)	1.498.993
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			•
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interest paid		(2.480)	(8.403)
Net cash used in financing activities		(2.480)	(8.403)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(1.038.281) <u>34.071</u>	1.490.590 (1.456.519)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	10	(1.004.210)	34.071

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

1. Incorporation and principal activities

Country of incorporation

The Company Foramonio Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Cyprus on 2 May 2013 as a private limited liability company under the provisions of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113. Its registered office is at 41 Arch. Makarios Avenue, 1065 Nicosia, P.O. Box 27236, Cyprus.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, is the trading of properties.

2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap.113. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

During the current year the Company adopted all the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are relevant to its operations and are effective for accounting periods beginning on 1 January 2017. This adoption did not have a material effect on the accounting policies of the Company.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, standards and interpretations were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board which were not yet effective. Some of them were adopted by the European Union and others not yet. The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these accounting standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

Revenue recognition

Revenues earned by the Company are recognised on the following bases:

Sale of inventory

Sale of inventory is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the inventory has been transferred to the customer, which is usually when the Company has sold inventory to the customer, the customer has accepted the inventory and collectability of the related receivable is reasonably assured.

Finance costs

Interest expense and other borrowing costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Tax

Current tax liabilities and assets are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, by the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Company's statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are included in borrowings in current liabilities.

Trade payables

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Inventories

Inventories include properties and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of properties comprise the cost of acquiring the land, the transfer fees and the development costs.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

3. Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk and capital risk management arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

3.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in relation to its current borrowings. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk. The Company's management monitors the interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

3.2 Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk. The Company has policies in place to ensure that sales of inventory is made to customers with an appropriate credit history and monitors on a continuous basis the ageing profile of its receivables.

3.3 Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from last year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires Management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on Management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Income taxes

5. Revenue

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

	2017 €	2016 €
Sales of inventory	380.000	1.510.000
Sales of inventory	380.000	1.510.000
6. Expenses by nature		

	2017	2016
	€	€
Cook of rate of inventory	400.000	1.433.728
Cost of sale of inventory	1.700	2.023
Professional fees	350	350
Annual levy	40	887
Administration expenses	29,103	5.950
Other professional fees	-	(5.950)
Reimbursement of expenses	-	` 64
Immovable property tax	-	(354)
Accounting fees - prior year	357	-
Advertising	3.844	
Stamp duties	435.394	1.436.698
Total expenses		
7. Net finance costs		

7. Net illumed deep

	€	€
Interest expense Sundry finance expenses	2.480 5	8.403 10
	2.485	8.413

2016

2017

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

8. Tax

	2017	2016
	€	€
Corporation tax		4.877
Charge for the year		4.877

The tax on the Company's results before tax differs from theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rates as follows:

	2017	2016
	€	€
(Loss)/profit before tax	(57.879)	64.889
Tax calculated at the applicable tax rates Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of tax losses brought forward Tax effect of tax loss for the year	(7.235) 44 - 7.191	8.111 65 (3.299)
Tax charge		4.877

The corporation tax rate is 12,5%.

9. Inventories

	2017	2016
	€	€
Properties	980.000_	**
Troperdes	980.000	-

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to €400.000 (2016: €1.433.728).

Inventories are stated at cost.

10. Cash at bank

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, the cash and cash equivalents include the following:

	2017	.010
	€	€
Cach at hank	28.167 34.	.071
Cash at bank Bank overdrafts (Note 12)	(1.032.377)	
	(1.004.210) 34.	.071

2016

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

11. Share capital

	2017 Number of shares	2017 €	2016 Number of shares	2016 €
Authorised Ordinary shares of €1 each	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000
		€		€
Issued and fully paid Balance at 1 January	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Balance at 31 December	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

12. Borrowings

	2017	2016
	€	€
Current borrowings Bank overdrafts (Note 10)	1.032.377	-

13. Trade and other payables

	2017	2016
	€	€
Accruals	1.703	2.025
Other creditors	40	120
	1.743	2.145

The fair values of trade and other payables due within one year approximate to their carrying amounts as presented above.

14. Refundable taxes

	2017	2016
	€	€
Corporation tax	192	192
	192	192

15. Events after the reporting period

On 13 February 2018, the Company disposed the property with registration number 0/2618 at no profit or loss.

In 2018, the Company acquired seven properties for the total consideration price of €2.883.000.

Independent auditor's report on pages 3 to 5