

**As a financial institution, we are not allowed to give tax advice.**

Your tax adviser may be able to assist you in answering specific questions on this form. Your domestic tax authority can provide guidance regarding how to determine your tax status.

You can also find out more, including a list of jurisdictions that have signed agreements to automatically exchange information, along with details about the information being requested, on the OECD automatic exchange of information.

**ENTITY TAX RESIDENCY SELF-CERTIFICATION FORM****PART 1 / Identification of the Entity****CIF****To be completed by the Bank**

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Legal Name of Entity/Branch   |  |  |
| Country of incorporation or organisation                                  |  |  |
| Current Residence Address:  | Street Name & number<br>Postal Code, City, Country |  |
| Mailing Address:<br><i>(if different from current residence address):</i> | Street Name & number<br>Postal Code, City, Country |  |

**PART 2**

**Entity Type:** Please provide the Entity's Status by ticking one of the following boxes

**1. Entity Type**

|   |     |   |                          |
|---|-----|---|--------------------------|
| 0.  | (f) | If you are an Active NFE, i.e., a Legal Entity where over 50% of your income/assets emerges from your business activities as set out in the relevant appendix (see definition of an "Active NFE") tick the box, | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 1.  | (a) | Financial Institution – Investment Entity; select one of the below:   |                          |
|   | i)  | An Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution (Note: if ticking this box please also complete Part 2(2) below)                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   | ii) | Other Investment Entity   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   | (b) | Financial Institution – Depository Institution, Custodial Institution or Specified Insurance Company tick the box   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| If you have ticked (a) or (b) above, please provide, if held, the Account Holder's Global Intermediary Identification Number ("GIIN") obtained for FATCA purposes and submit self-certification form IRS (form W9 or W8-BEN-E). |     |   |                          |

|      |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| GIIN | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
|------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

|  |   |   |                          |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|
|  | (c)   | Active NFE – a corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market or a corporation which is a related entity of such a corporation tick the box | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | If you have ticked (c), please provide the name of the established securities market on which the corporation is regularly traded:  |   |                          |
|  | If you are a Related Entity of a regularly traded corporation, please provide the name of the regularly traded corporation that the Entity in (c) is a Related Entity of: |   |                          |
|  | (d)   | Active NFE – a Government Entity or Central Bank tick the box   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | (e)   | Active NFE – an International Organisation tick the box   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|  | (g)   | Passive NFE tick the box<br>(Note: if ticking this box please also complete Part 2(2) below)  | <input type="checkbox"/> |

**2. If you have ticked 1(a)(i) or 1(g) above, then please:**

| (a) | Indicate the name of any Controlling Person(s) of the Entity:                                   | Participation percentage | CID * |
|-----|---|--------------------------|-------|
|     |   |                          |       |
|     |   |                          |       |
|     |   |                          |       |
|     |   |                          |       |
| (b) | Complete "Controlling Person tax residency self-certification form" for each Controlling Person |                          |       |

\*To be completed by the Bank

### PART 3/ Statement of unique tax residence.

|   |  |                                       |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| I solely declare that I have only a Greek Tax Residence | <b>YES</b><br><input type="checkbox"/> | <b>NO</b><br><input type="checkbox"/> |
| and the Tax Registration Number is:                     | _____                                  |                                       |

If you selected YES please continue to sign this form in Part 5.

### PART 4

#### Country/Jurisdiction of Residence for Tax Purposes and related Taxpayer Identification Number or functional equivalent ("TIN")

Please complete the following table indicating (i) where the Entity is tax resident and (ii) the Entity's TIN for each country/Reportable Jurisdiction indicated. Countries/Jurisdictions adopting the wider approach may require that the self-certification include a tax identifying number for each jurisdiction of residence (rather than for each Reportable Jurisdiction).

If the Entity is not tax resident in any country/jurisdiction (e.g., because it is fiscally transparent), please indicate that on line 1 and provide its place of effective management or jurisdiction in which its principal office is located.

If a TIN is unavailable please provide the appropriate reason A, B or C where indicated below

- A. The country/jurisdiction where the Entity is resident does not issue TINs to its residents
- B. The Entity is otherwise unable to obtain a TIN or equivalent number (Please explain why you are unable to obtain a TIN in the below table if you have selected this reason)
- C. No TIN is required. (Note. Only select this reason if the domestic law of the relevant jurisdiction does not require the collection of the TIN issued by such jurisdiction)

| Country/Jurisdiction of tax residence | TIN or functional equivalent | If no TIN available enter Reason A, B or C |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 1.                                    |                              |  |
| 2.                                    |                              |  |
| 3.                                    |                              |  |

Please explain in the following boxes why you are unable to obtain a TIN if you selected Reason B above

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |

### PART 5 – Declarations and Signature

I understand that the information supplied by me is covered by the full provisions of the terms and conditions governing the Client's relationship with EUROBANK SA setting out how EUROBANK SA may use and share the information supplied by me.

I acknowledge that the information contained in this form, may be provided to the tax authorities of the country/jurisdiction in which the banking relationship(s) is/are maintained and exchanged with tax authorities of another country/jurisdiction or countries/jurisdictions in which the Client may be tax resident pursuant to intergovernmental agreements to exchange financial account information.

I declare that the documents that are submitted to the Bank, whether in physical or in electronic form, constitute true copies and/or original signed documents. The legal person/legal entity is responsible for checking that the required documents, when transmitted either physically or electronically, are complete, accurate, genuine, and timely submitted.

I undertake to advise EUROBANK SA within 30 days of any change in circumstances which affects the tax residency status of the individual identified in Part 1 of this form or causes the information contained herein to become incorrect or incomplete, and to provide EUROBANK SA with a suitably updated self-certification and Declaration within 30 days of such change in circumstances.

In relation to the processing of personal data, I declare that: (a) I took receipt from the Bank of the "Information on the Processing of Personal Data Pursuant to the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and the relevant Greek legislation", for which the Bank informed me that it is always posted and updated at the Bank's website (currently: [www.eurobank.gr](http://www.eurobank.gr)), as well as that it is available in the branches thereof, and (b) in the case I provide the Bank with personal data concerning third individuals, I have formerly duly notified these persons (indicatively and where necessary by referring them to the aforementioned Information), and I have ensured, if required, their relevant consent.

|   |  |                              |  |
|---|--|------------------------------|--|
| SIGNATURE OF THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ENTITY & STAMP (or Full name of the Entity, GEMI no....., incorporated.....) |  |                              |  |
| PRINT NAME  |  |                              |  |
| Date (dd/mm/yyyy)   |  | Place (Town/City & Country ) |  |
| Note: If signing under a power of attorney please also attach a certified copy of the power of attorney             |  |                              |  |
| CAPACITY  |  |                              |  |
| <u>Eurobank S.A.</u>  |  |                              |  |
| Branch / Unit (when the form is submitted to the Branch/Unit):  |  |                              |  |
| Signature: .....  |  |                              |  |

#### NOTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS CONCERNING PERSONAL DATA

Information on the processing of personal data and the rights of the data subjects are provided through the "Information - on the Processing of Personal Data Pursuant to the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and the relevant Greek legislation" of the Bank which is always posted and updated at the Bank's website (currently: [www.eurobank.gr](http://www.eurobank.gr)), as well as available in the branches thereof. The personal data subjects acknowledge receipt of this Information as reflected in the receipt declaration above. This processing is derived from the law 4170/2013, as amended by the laws 4378/2016 and 4428/2016 (CRS), and the law 4493/2017 (FATCA).

#### Appendix – Summary Descriptions of Select Defined Terms

**Note:** These are selected summaries of defined terms provided to assist you with the completion of this form. Further details can be found within the OECD Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (the CRS"), the associated Commentary to the CRS, and domestic guidance. This can be found at the OECD automatic exchange of information portal.

If you have any questions then please contact your tax adviser or domestic tax authority.

#### "Account Holder"

The "Account Holder" is the person listed or identified as the holder of a Financial Account by the Financial Institution that maintains the account. This is regardless of whether such person is a flow-through Entity. Thus, for example, if a trust or an estate is listed as the holder or owner of a Financial Account, the trust or estate is the Account Holder, rather than the trustee or the trust's owners or beneficiaries. Similarly, if a partnership is listed as the holder or owner of a Financial Account, the partnership is the Account Holder, rather than the partners in the partnership. A person, other than a Financial Institution, holding a Financial Account for the benefit or account of another person as agent, custodian, nominee, signatory, investment advisor, or intermediary, is not treated as holding the account, and such other person is treated as holding the account

#### "NFE"

An "NFE" is any Entity that is not a Financial Institution.

#### "Active NFE"

An NFE is an Active NFE if it meets any of the criteria listed below. In summary, those criteria refer to:

- active NFEs by reason of income and assets;
- publicly traded NFEs;

- Governmental Entities, International Organisations, Central Banks, or their wholly owned Entities;
- holding NFEs that are members of a nonfinancial group;
- start-up NFEs;
- NFEs that are liquidating or emerging from bankruptcy;
- treasury centres that are members of a nonfinancial group; or
- non-profit NFEs.

An entity will be classified as Active NFE if it meets any of the following criteria:

An entity will be classified as Active NFE if it meets any of the following criteria:

- a) less than 50% of the NFE's gross income for the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period is passive income and less than 50% of the assets held by the NFE during the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period are assets that produce or are held for the production of passive income;
- b) the stock of the NFE is regularly traded on an established securities market or the NFE is a Related Entity of an Entity the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market;
- c) the NFE is a Governmental Entity, an International Organisation, a Central Bank, or an Entity wholly owned by one or more of the foregoing;
- d) substantially all of the activities of the NFE consist of holding (in whole or in part) the outstanding stock of, or providing financing and services to, one or more subsidiaries that engage in trades or businesses other than the business of a Financial Institution, except that an Entity does not qualify for this status if the Entity functions (or holds itself out) as an investment fund, such as a private equity fund, venture capital fund, leveraged buyout fund, or any investment vehicle whose purpose is to acquire or fund companies and then hold interests in those companies as capital assets for investment purposes;
- e) the NFE is not yet operating a business and has no prior operating history, (a "start-up NFE") but is investing capital into assets with the intent to operate a business other than that of a Financial Institution, provided that the NFE does not qualify for this exception after the date that is 24 months after the date of the initial organisation of the NFE;
- f) the NFE was not a Financial Institution in the past five years, and is in the process of liquidating its assets or is reorganising with the intent to continue or recommence operations in a business other than that of a Financial Institution;
- g) the NFE primarily engages in financing and hedging transactions with, or for, Related Entities that are not Financial Institutions, and does not provide financing or hedging services to any Entity that is not a Related Entity, provided that the group of any such Related Entities is primarily engaged in a business other than that of a Financial Institution; **or**
- h) the NFE meets all of the following requirements (a "non-profit NFE"):
- i) it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, artistic, cultural, athletic, or educational purposes; or it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence and it is a professional organisation, business league, chamber of commerce, labour organisation, agricultural or horticultural organisation, civic league or an organisation operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare;
- ii) it is exempt from income tax in its jurisdiction of residence;
- iii) it has no shareholders or members who have a proprietary or beneficial interest in its income or assets;
- iv) the applicable laws of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or the NFE's formation documents do not permit any income or assets of the NFE to be distributed to, or applied for the benefit of, a private person or non-charitable Entity other than pursuant to the conduct of the NFE's charitable activities, or as payment of reasonable compensation for services rendered, or as payment representing the fair market value of property which the NFE has purchased; and
- v) the applicable laws of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or the NFE's formation documents require that, upon the NFE's liquidation or dissolution, all of its assets be distributed to a Governmental Entity or other non-profit organisation, or escheat to the government of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or any political subdivision.

Note: Certain entities (such as U.S. Territory NFFEs) may qualify for Active NFFE status under FATCA but not Active NFE status under the CRS

#### **"Control"**

"Control" over an Entity is generally exercised by the natural person(s) who ultimately has a controlling ownership interest (typically on the basis of a certain percentage (e.g. 25%)) in the Entity. Where no natural person(s) exercises control through ownership interests, the Controlling Person(s) of the Entity will be the natural person(s) who exercises control of the Entity through other means. Where no natural person(s) is/are identified as exercising control of the Entity through ownership interests, then under the CRS the Reportable Person is deemed to be the natural person who holds the position of senior managing official.

#### **"Controlling Person(s)"**

"Controlling Persons" are the natural person(s) who exercise control over an entity. Where that entity is treated as a Passive Non-Financial Entity ("Passive NFE") then a Financial Institution is required to determine whether or not these Controlling Persons are Reportable Persons. This definition corresponds to the term "beneficial owner" described in Recommendation 10 and the Interpretative Note on Recommendation 10 of the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations (as adopted in February 2012).

In the case of a trust, the Controlling Person(s) are the settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) (if any), the beneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, or any other natural person(s) exercising ultimate effective control over the trust (including through a chain of control or ownership). Under the CRS the settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) (if any), and the beneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, are always treated as Controlling Persons of a trust, regardless of whether or not any of them exercises control over the activities of the trust.

Where the settlor(s) of a trust is an Entity then the CRS requires Financial Institutions to also identify the Controlling Persons of the settlor(s) and when required report them as Controlling Persons of the trust.

In the case of a legal arrangement other than a trust, "Controlling Person(s)" means persons in equivalent or similar positions.

#### **"Custodial Institution"**

The term "Custodial Institution" means any Entity that holds, as a substantial portion of its business, Financial Assets for the account of others. This is where the Entity's gross income attributable to the holding of Financial Assets and related financial services equals or exceeds 20% of the Entity's gross income during the shorter of: (i) the three-year period that ends on 31 December (or the final day of a non-calendar year accounting period) prior to the year in which the determination is being made; or (ii) the period during which the Entity has been in existence.

#### **"Depository Institution"**

The term "Depository Institution" means any Entity that accepts deposits in the ordinary course of a banking or similar business.

#### **"FATCA"**

FATCA stands for the U.S. provisions commonly known as the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act, which were enacted into U.S. law as part of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act on March 18, 2010. FATCA creates a new information reporting and withholding regime for payments made to certain non-U.S. financial institutions and other non-U.S. entities.

#### **"Entity"**

The term "Entity" means a legal person or a legal arrangement, such as a corporation, organisation, partnership, trust or foundation. This term covers any person other than an individual (i.e. a natural person).

#### **"Financial Institution"**

The term "Financial Institution" means a "Custodial Institution", a "Depository Institution", an "Investment Entity", or a "Specified Insurance Company". Please see the relevant domestic guidance and the CRS for further classification definitions that apply to Financial Institutions.

#### **"Investment Entity"**

The term "Investment Entity" includes two types of Entities:

(i) an Entity that primarily conducts as a business one or more of the following activities or operations for or on behalf of a customer:

- Trading in money market instruments (cheques, bills, certificates of deposit, derivatives, etc.); foreign exchange; exchange, interest rate and index instruments; transferable securities; or commodity futures trading;
- Individual and collective portfolio management; or
- Otherwise investing, administering, or managing Financial Assets or money on behalf of other persons.

Such activities or operations do not include rendering non-binding investment advice to a customer.

(ii) "The second type of "Investment Entity" ("Investment Entity managed by another Financial Institution") is any Entity the gross income of which is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in Financial Assets where the Entity is managed by another Entity that is a Depository Institution, a Custodial Institution, a Specified Insurance Company, or the first type of Investment Entity.

#### **"Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution"**

The term "Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution" means any Entity the gross income of which is primarily attributable to investing, reinvesting, or trading in Financial Assets if the Entity is (i) managed by a Financial Institution and (ii) not a Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institution.

#### **"Investment Entity managed by another Financial Institution"**

"An Entity is "managed by" another Entity if the managing Entity performs, either directly or through another service provider on behalf of the managed Entity, any of the activities or operations described in clause (i) above in the definition of 'Investment Entity'.

An Entity only manages another Entity if it has discretionary authority to manage the other Entity's assets (either in whole or part). Where an Entity is managed by a mix of Financial Institutions, NFEs or individuals, the Entity is considered to be managed by another Entity that is a Depository Institution, a Custodial Institution, a Specified Insurance Company, or the first type of Investment Entity, if any of the managing Entities is such another Entity

#### **"Non-Reporting Financial Institution"**

A Non-Reporting Financial Institution" means any Financial Institution that is:

- a Governmental Entity, International Organisation or Central Bank, other than with respect to a payment that is derived from an obligation held in connection with a commercial financial activity of a type engaged in by a Specified Insurance Company, Custodial Institution, or Depository Institution;
- a Broad Participation Retirement Fund; a Narrow Participation Retirement Fund; a Pension Fund of a Governmental Entity, International Organisation or Central Bank; or a Qualified Credit Card Issuer;
- an Exempt Collective Investment Vehicle; or
- a Trustee-Documented Trust: a trust where the trustee of the trust is a Reporting Financial Institution and reports all information required to be reported with respect to all Reportable Accounts of the trust;
- any other defined in a countries domestic law as a Non-Reporting Financial Institution.

#### **"Participating Jurisdiction"**

A "Participating Jurisdiction" means a jurisdiction with which an agreement is in place pursuant to which it will provide the information required on the automatic exchange of financial account information set out in the Common Reporting Standard and that is identified in a published list.

#### **"Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institution"**

The term "Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institution" means (i) any Financial Institution that is tax resident in a Participating Jurisdiction, but excludes any branch of that Financial Institution that is located outside of that jurisdiction, and (ii) any branch of a Financial Institution that is not tax resident in a Participating Jurisdiction, if that branch is located in such Participating Jurisdiction.

#### **"Passive NFE"**

Under the CRS a "Passive NFE" means any NFE that is not an Active NFE. An Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution is also treated as a Passive NFE for purposes of the CRS.

#### **"Related Entity"**

An Entity is a "Related Entity" of another Entity if either Entity controls the other Entity, or the two Entities are under common control. For this purpose control includes direct or indirect ownership of more than 50% of the vote and value in an Entity.

#### **"Reportable Account"**

The term "Reportable Account" means an account held by one or more Reportable Persons or by a Passive NFE with one or more Controlling Persons that is a Reportable Person.

#### **"Reportable Jurisdiction"**

A Reportable Jurisdiction is a jurisdiction with which an obligation to provide financial account information is in place and that is identified in a published list.

#### **"Reportable Jurisdiction Person"**

A Reportable Jurisdiction Person is an Entity that is tax resident in a Reportable Jurisdiction(s) under the tax laws of such jurisdiction(s) - by reference to local laws in the country where the Entity is established, incorporated or managed. An Entity such as a partnership, limited liability partnership or similar legal arrangement that has no residence for tax purposes shall be treated as resident in the jurisdiction in which its place of effective management is situated. As such if an Entity certifies that it has no residence for tax purposes it should complete the form stating the address of its principal office.

Dual resident Entities may rely on the tiebreaker rules contained in tax conventions (if applicable) to determine their residence for tax purposes.

#### **"Reportable Person"**

A "Reportable Person" is defined as a "Reportable Jurisdiction Person", other than:

- a corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets;
- any corporation that is a Related Entity of a corporation described in clause (i);
- a Governmental Entity;
- an International Organisation;
- a Central Bank; or

- a Financial Institution (except for an Investment Entity described in Sub Paragraph A(6) b) of the CRS that are not Participating Jurisdiction Financial Institutions. Instead, such Investment Entities are treated as Passive NFE's.)

**"Resident for tax purposes"**

Each jurisdiction has its own rules for defining tax residence, and jurisdictions have provided information on how to determine whether an entity is tax resident in the jurisdiction on the OECD automatic exchange of information portal. Generally, an Entity will be resident for tax purposes in a jurisdiction if, under the laws of that jurisdiction (including tax conventions), it pays or should be paying tax therein by reason of his domicile, residence, place of management or incorporation, or any other criterion of a similar nature, and not only from sources in that jurisdiction. Dual resident Entities may rely on the tiebreaker rules contained in tax conventions (if applicable) to solve cases of double residence for determining their residence for tax purposes. An Entity such as a partnership, limited liability partnership or similar legal arrangement that has no residence for tax purposes shall be treated as resident in the jurisdiction in which its place of effective management is situated. For additional information on tax residence, please talk to your tax adviser or see the OECD automatic exchange of information portal.

**"Specified Insurance Company"**

The term "Specified Insurance Company" means any Entity that is an insurance company (or the holding company of an insurance company) that issues, or is obligated to make payments with respect to, a Cash Value Insurance Contract or an Annuity Contract.

**"TIN" (including "functional equivalent")**

The term "TIN" means Taxpayer Identification Number or a functional equivalent in the absence of a TIN. A TIN is a unique combination of letters or numbers assigned by a jurisdiction to an individual or an Entity and used to identify the individual or Entity for the purposes of administering the tax laws of such jurisdiction. Further details of acceptable TINs can be found at the OECD automatic exchange of information portal.

Some jurisdictions do not issue a TIN. However, these jurisdictions often utilise some other high integrity number with an equivalent level of identification (a "functional equivalent"). Examples of that type of number include, for Entities, a Business/company registration code/number.

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You can also find out more, including a list of jurisdictions that have signed agreements to automatically exchange information, along with details about the information being requested, on the OECD automatic exchange of information.