

Second Quarter 2016 Financial Results¹

- Net profit at €46m in 2Q2016 and €106m in 1H2016
- Net interest income up 1.3% q-o-q to €388m
- Fee and commission income up 5.1% q-o-q to €71m
- Operating expenses down 2.0%² y-o-y
- Core pre-provision income up 5.8% in 2Q2016 and 16.6% in 1H2016
- First quarter of negative 90dpd formation (-€16m)
- Cost of risk 2.0% in 1H2016
- Deposits up by €677m in Greece and €1.1bn in total in 2Q2016
- ELA funding decreases by €4.6bn March-to-date
- Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio at 17.0%³
- Consistently profitable international operations: Net profit at €30m in 2Q2016

"The Greek economy is on a path of gradual stabilization, which must be strengthened and accelerated. Greece is no longer a factor of instability, but the international environment is deteriorating, marred by multiple uncertainties. Developments in the banking sector in Italy require major decisions at European level, as does Britain's smooth exit from the eurozone, while the refugee crisis and the ongoing upheaval in our geographical region underline the importance of stability and European cooperation.

Greece has already completed most of the necessary adjustments, which now needs to translate into renewed international credibility. The banking sector is at a turning point and restoring confidence is of critical importance for the Greek sovereign to gradually return to international markets. In this context, full implementation of the new, more stringent regulatory requirements for the quality of corporate governance is a priority for Eurobank. Greek banks, while adequately capitalized, face the challenge of managing non-performing loans, improving liquidity and attracting deposits, subject to better macroeconomic conditions. In a normalized environment, the banking system has the ability to support the recovery of the productive base of the economy, attract international investments and assist the return to positive growth rates."

Nikolaos Karamouzis, Chairman of BoD

"A second consecutive quarter of profitability enables Eurobank to focus on its strategic objectives. Our main priority is the active management of NPLs at an accelerated pace. It is particularly encouraging that 90 days past due formation came negative in the previous quarter, for the first time in recent years. In this area we will further intensify our efforts, devoting additional resources, in order to reduce our stock of NPLs at a fast pace, through all means available within the current legal framework.

Deposit increase by €1.1bn., mainly driven by Greece, demonstrates the ability of the Bank to significantly strengthen its deposit base, if the general economic conditions improve. At the same time, the reduction of ELA funding and the repayment of Pillar II bonds continues at a fast pace.

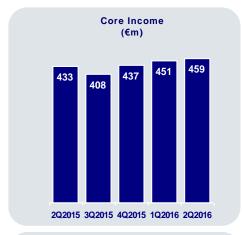
Eurobank's capital position strengthened by 50 basis points to 17% (CET1), as a result of profit generation and the completion of the sale of Eurolife insurance, in which we maintain a substantial stake. Finally, the robust performance of our international business is of particular importance for the Group, and we expect a steady strong contribution to Eurobank results from international activities, as countries where we operate have returned to satisfactory growth levels with a positive medium-term outlook."

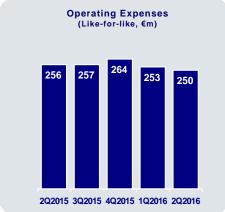
Fokion Karavias, CEO

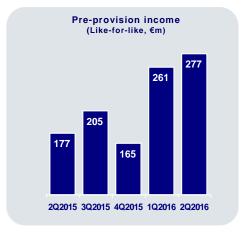
¹ Insurance business is accounted as held for sale in 4Q2015.

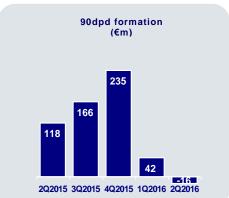
² On a comparable basis: 1H2015 expenses include ½ of €30m contribution to the new Single Resolution Fund (BRRD) booked in 4Q2015 and €14.1m due to the reclassification of part of NPL expenses from loan loss provisions to operating expenses.











Second Quarter 2016 Results Analysis

Eurobank recorded a positive performance in the second quarter 2016 (2Q2016), as net profit reached €46m at a Group level.

In more detail, **net interest income** grew by 1.3% q-o-q to €388m in 2Q2016, mainly driven by lower eurosystem funding cost. In addition, net interest margin expanded further to 2.19% in 2Q2016, from 2.15% in 1Q2016.

Net fee and commission income increased by 5.1% q-o-q to €71m in 2Q2016, mostly due to lower expenses from pillar II bonds utilization.

As a result, **core income** rose to €459m in 2Q2016, from €451m in 1Q2016, while other operating income increased to €67m, from €64m in 1Q2016. Thus, **total operating income** stood at €527m, registering an increase of 2.4% q-o-q.

Operating expenses decreased by 2.0%⁴ y-o-y and amounted to €503m in 1H2016, while in Greece they were down by 4.0%⁴ y-o-y. **The efficiency ratio (cost / income)** substantially improved and was down to 47.5% in 2Q2016, from 49.2% in 1Q2016.

Core pre-provision income grew by 5.8% q-o-q and 16.6% in 1H2016 versus 1H2015. **Pre-provision income** rose by 5.9% q-o-q to €277m, against €261m in 1Q2016.

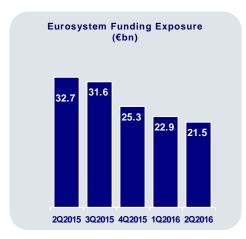
Good progress was achieved in the management of NPLs, as 90 days past due **(90dpd)** formation was negative by €16m q-o-q for the first time the last years. **90dpd loans ratio** receded from 34.8% in 1Q2016 to 34.7% in 2Q2016, while the **coverage of 90dpd loans** remained at a high 65.0%.

Loan loss provisions increased to €222m in 2Q2016 and €398m in 1H2016 and accounted for 2.0% of net loans at the end of June.

International operations remained at a consistently profitable path, as net profit increased to €30m, from €27m in 1Q2016. Operating income rose by 9.9% q-o-q to €154m and pre-provision income registered a remarkable increase of 16.3% to €87m in 2Q2016.

⁴ On a comparable basis: 1H2015 expenses include ½ of €30m contribution to the new Single Resolution Fund (BRRD) booked in 4Q2015 and €14.1m due to the reclassification of part of NPL expenses from loan loss provisions to operating expenses.





Capital adequacy remained at high levels, as the **Equity Tier I capital** (CET1), pro-forma for the disposal of 80% of Eurolife Insurance, accounted for 17.0% of risk weighted assets at the end of June 2016.

ELA funding registered a notable decrease of €4.6bn March 2016-to-date to €13.7bn, due to deposit inflows and increased repo transactions. **Customer deposits** were up by €677m in Greece and €1.1bn at a Group level q-o-q, reflecting the gradual normalization of conditions and the restoration of clients' confidence towards the banking system.

Gross loans reached €51.0bn at the end of 2Q2016, with loans to businesses and households amounting to €26.7bn and €24.3bn respectively. The loans to deposits ratio improved to 119.9%, from 125.1% in 1Q2016.



Eurobank Financial Figures

Key Financial Results⁵	2Q2016	1Q2016	Change
Net Interest Income	€388m	€383m	1.3%
Net Fee & Commission Income	€71m	€68m	5.1%
Total Operating Income	€527m	€514m	2.4%
Total Operating Expenses	€250m	€253m	(1.2%)
Pre-Provision Income	€277m	€261m	5.9%
Loan Loss Provisions	€222m	€175m	27.0%
Net Result after tax	€46m	€60m	(23.2%)

Balance Sheet Highlights	2Q2016	1Q2016
Consumer Loans	€6,268m	€6,486m
Mortgages	€18,055m	€18,172m
Small Business Loans	€7,191m	€7,217m
Large Corporates & SMEs	€19,485m	€19,407m
Total Gross Loans	€51,039m	€51,323m
Total Customer Deposits	€32,974m	€31,828m
Total Assets	€72,652m	€72,938m

Financial Ratios	2Q2016	1Q2016
Net Interest Margin	2.19%	2.15%
Cost to Income	47.5%	49.2%
90 Days Past Due Loans (90dpd)	34.7%	34.8%
90dpd Coverage	65.0%	64.3%
Provisions to average Net Loans	2.24%	1.76%
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)	17.0% ⁶	16.5%

 $^{^5}$ Eurobank operations in Ukraine and Insurance operations are classified as held for sale. 6 Pro-forma for the disposal of Eurolife Insurance.



EUROBANK ERGASIAS S.A.

General Commercial Registry No: 000223001000

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	In € million	
	30 Jun 2016	31 Dec 2015
ASSETS		
Cash and balances with central banks	1,794	1,798
Due from credit institutions	3,128	2,808
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	74	100
Derivative financial instruments	2,260	1,884
Loans and advances to customers	39,545	39,893
Investment securities	14,992	16,291
Property, plant and equipment	657	666
Investment property	917	925
Intangible assets	135	127
Deferred tax assets	4,870	4,859
Other assets	2,121	2,151
Assets of disposal groups classified as held for sale	2,159	2,051
Total assets	72,652	73,553
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LIABILITIES		
Due to central banks	21,485	25,267
Due to credit institutions	5,497	4,516
Derivative financial instruments	2,838	2,359
Due to customers Debt securities in issue	32,974 93	31,446 150
Other liabilities	688	742
Liabilities of disposal groups classified as held for sale	1,876	1,941
Total liabilities	65,451	66,421
Total liabilities		
EQUITY		
Ordinary share capital	656	656
Share premium, reserves and retained earnings	4,903	4,814
Preference shares	950	950
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Bank	6,509	6,420
Preferred securities	43	43
Non controlling interests	649	669
Total equity	7,201	7,132
Total equity and liabilities	72,652	73,553

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	In € m	In € million	
	1 Jan -	1 Jan -	
	30 Jun 2016	30 Jun 2015	
Net interest income	771	728	
Net banking fee and commission income	112	109	
Income from non banking services	27	25	
Net trading income	(8)	(12)	
Gains less losses from investment securities	71	11	
Net other operating income	68	9	
Operating income	1,041	870	
Operating expenses	(503)	(484)	
Profit from operations before impairments			
and restructuring costs	538	386	
Impairment losses on loans and advances	(398)	(2,138)	
Other impairment losses	(14)	(71)	
Restructuring costs	(47)	(3)	
Profit/(loss) before tax	79	(1,826)	
Income tax	(17)	450	
Tax adjustments	31		
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations	93	(1,376)	
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	21	(25)	
Net profit/(loss)	114	(1,401)	
Net profit/(loss) attributable to non controlling interests	8	11	
Net profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders	106	(1,412)	

Note:

The Financial Report for the six months ended 30 June 2016 will be published by 2 September 2016.